A. In the Specification:

Please substitute the following paragraph for the paragaph on page 3 beginning at line 6:

5	Efforts today have centered on improving the
	survival rates of stored oocytes by improving
	cryopreservation techniques. According to Martino
Al	et al. (Martino et al., Biol. Reprod. 54: 1059 -
• ('	1069 (1996)), such efforts have focused on
10	comparing different cryoprotectants (Otoi et al.,
	Theriogenology 40: 801-807 (1993); Dinnyes et al.,
	Cryobiology 31: 569 - 570 (1994)) and different
	freezing regimens (Lira et al., Theriogenology 35:
15	1225 - 1235 (1991)); or related vitrification
	methods (Otoi et al., Theriogenology 40: 801 - 807
	(1993); Otoi et al., Cryobiology 37: 77 - 85
	(1998)).

Please substitute the following paragraph for the paragraph on page 12 beginning at line 17:

20 Oocytes embryos are suspended an equilibration medium consisting of (v/v)ethylene qlycol orother intracellular cryoprotective agent in moderate concentration, in a base medium (TCM 199 or similar solutions) supplemented with 20% fetal bovine serum, or bovine serum albumin, or any other macromolecules with surfactant effects at room temperature, or higher, physiological temperatures (39°C for example) for 30 several minutes. Following this equilibration

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period, groups of oocytes or embryos are rinsed at least two times in small drops of vitrification solution consisting of 35% ethylene glycol other intracellular cryoprotectants concentration), 5% polyvinyl- pyrolidone (or other macromolecules), 0.4 M trehalose (or other sugars) in base medium and 20% fetal bovine serum, or other surfactant compounds, as described above, for a few seconds and dropped on the surface of a steel cube, or other solid surface with good heat conductivity, which is cooled down to around -150°C to -180°C or similar subzero temperatures by partially immersing it into liquid or solid nitrogen or into other cooling agents. It is preferred that the drop size be about 4 μ l or smaller, more preferably 3 μ l or smaller, and yet more preferably 2 µl or smaller, and yet more preferably 1 µl or smaller, which allows instantaneous vitrification. The vitrified droplets can be moved with a nitrogen-cooled forceps or other tool into 1-ml cryovials or other suitable containers.

B. In the Claims:

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Please cancel claims 5-8 without prejudice.

Please substitute amended claim 1, below, for claim 1 as filed.

1. (AMENDED)

A method for the vitrification of biological

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materials, said method comprising the steps of: